

PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND

Product Disclosure Statement

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CONTACT DETAILS

If you have any questions or would like a copy of the PDS or any updates, any information incorporated by reference in the PDS or more information about Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund:

Phone 1800 003 001

Mail Perpetual Charitable Funds,
GPO Box 4171, Sydney NSW 2001

Website www.perpetual.com.au/pcef-funds-updates

Email perpetualprivate@perpetual.com.au

IMPORTANT NOTES

This PDS provides a summary of significant information and contains a number of references to other important information which also forms part of the PDS. You should consider all of this information before making a decision to invest in this product.

The information provided in the PDS is general information only and does not take account of your personal financial situation or needs. You should obtain financial advice tailored to your personal circumstances.

We may update the PDS with changes that are not materially adverse via disclosure on our website. You can also obtain a paper copy of any updates free of charge on request.

This PDS can only be used by investors receiving it (electronically or otherwise) in Australia. All amounts in this PDS are in Australian dollars and all times quoted are Sydney time (unless otherwise specified). A business day is a working day for Perpetual in Sydney.

**PRODUCT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (PDS)
ISSUE NUMBER 7 DATED 1 OCTOBER 2020**

Issued by Perpetual Investment Management Limited
ABN 18 000 866 535 AFSL 234426

Perpetual 

1. ABOUT PERPETUAL INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Perpetual Investment Management Limited (PIML) is:

- the responsible entity of Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund (Fund)
- the issuer of units in the Fund and this PDS
- responsible for the selection of the underlying funds managed by PIML and other specialist investment managers into which the Fund invests to gain exposure to the various asset classes.

PIML is one of Australia's leading investment managers with \$28.4 billion in funds under management (as at 30 June 2020). PIML is a wholly owned subsidiary of Perpetual Limited (ABN 86 000 431 827) and part of the Perpetual Group, which has been in operation for over 130 years. By employing some of the industry's best investment specialists and applying a proven investment philosophy, PIML has been able to help generations of Australians manage their wealth.

As the responsible entity of the Fund our main responsibilities are to manage the Fund according to its constitution (copy available free of charge by contacting us) and investment strategy as well as properly administering it. We have established an investment committee to set the investment objectives, investment guidelines and investment approach for the Fund. We may change the Fund's investment strategy whenever we believe it's in the best interests of investors, without prior notice.

In carrying out our duties, we are subject to the Corporations Act and must:

- act honestly and in the best interests of investors
- exercise care and diligence.

Subject to the Corporations Act:

- we're not liable to investors for any losses in any way relating to the Fund, except to the extent to which the loss is caused by our fraud, negligence or breach of trust
- our liability is limited to our ability to be indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

2. HOW PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND WORKS

The Fund is a managed investment scheme that is registered (ARSN 147 080 377) with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC).

The Fund received its first investment in January 2011.

INVESTORS

In this PDS, 'Perpetual Private' refers to Perpetual Group subsidiaries that act as trustee, custodian, executor or attorney, or the operator of an investor direct portfolio service (IDPS), as applicable.

We authorise the use of this PDS as disclosure only for:

- trusts, estates and agencies for which Perpetual Private is a trustee, executor or attorney
- investors who wish to access the Fund through an IDPS, IDPS-like scheme, or a nominee or custody service provided by Perpetual Private
- DIY superannuation funds for which Perpetual Private is the trustee, custodian or administrator,

which are collectively referred to in this PDS as a 'Service'.

Investment in the Fund through this PDS is offered exclusively to clients of Perpetual Private investing through a Service (referred to as 'you' in this PDS).

As an indirect investor gaining exposure to the Fund through a Service, you do not yourself become an investor in the Fund. Instead, it is Perpetual Private, which invests for you and acts on your behalf, that has the rights of an investor. Certain provisions of the Fund's constitution are not relevant to indirect investors. For example, indirect investors cannot attend investor meetings or transfer or mortgage units in the Fund. You can request reports on your investment in the Fund from Perpetual Private and you should direct any inquiries to them.

When you invest in the Fund, your money is pooled with investments from other investors and used to buy assets for the Fund, which we manage on behalf of all investors. Each unit that Perpetual Private holds in the Fund on your behalf confers a proportional beneficial interest in the Fund. However, you or Perpetual Private are not entitled to any particular asset of the Fund and we rather than you or Perpetual Private have ownership and control over the Fund's assets, management and operation.

VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT

When you invest, Perpetual Private will be allocated units in the Fund on your behalf. The value of your investment in the Fund will vary as the Fund's daily unit price changes to reflect increases or decreases in the market value of the Fund's underlying assets.

INVESTMENTS AND WITHDRAWALS

You can invest in or withdraw from the Fund by directing Perpetual Private to lodge an investment application or withdrawal request, as applicable, with us.

As you are investing indirectly through a Service, please contact Perpetual Private for details about their following requirements:

- any minimum investment and withdrawal amounts
- processing requirements and timeframes
- distribution payment options
- identification verification procedures
- privacy policy.

You should also use any relevant application, withdrawal and other forms provided by Perpetual Private.

HOW UNITS ARE ISSUED OR WITHDRAWN

If our Sydney office receives and accepts Perpetual Private's investment application or withdrawal request by 3.00pm on any business day, the investment or withdrawal will be processed using that day's entry or exit price. If received and accepted after 3.00pm, it will be processed using the next calculated entry or exit price. If it's a non-working day for Perpetual in Sydney, the investment or withdrawal will be processed using the next available entry or exit price.

The time it takes to process investment applications or withdrawal requests made through Perpetual Private may vary from these times due to their processing requirements (refer to Perpetual Private for details).

The number of units issued to Perpetual Private is determined by dividing the investment amount by the applicable entry price. The number of units withdrawn for withdrawals is determined by dividing the withdrawal amount by the applicable exit price.

For current entry and exit prices, visit our website or contact Perpetual Private.

SUSPENSION OF APPLICATIONS AND WITHDRAWALS

In certain emergency situations that impact the effective and efficient operation of a market for an asset in the Fund or in certain circumstances where we otherwise consider it to be in investors' interests, we may suspend processing all applications or withdrawals for the Fund in accordance with the Fund's constitution. This may include situations where:

- we cannot properly ascertain the value of an asset held by the Fund
- an event occurs that results in Perpetual not being able to reasonably acquire or dispose of assets held by the Fund
- an underlying fund suspends applications and withdrawals
- the law otherwise permits us to delay or restrict processing applications or withdrawals.

This means that there may be times when Perpetual Private on your behalf is unable to:

- invest additional amounts into the Fund
- withdraw from the Fund within the usual period of 14 business days from when we accept a withdrawal request.

Applications or withdrawal requests received during the suspension will be processed using the entry or exit price applicable when the suspension is lifted.

WITHDRAWAL OF LARGE INVESTMENTS

We can in certain circumstances also delay or stagger the payment of large withdrawal requests. However, withdrawals will be paid within 180 days.

DISTRIBUTIONS

Distribution of the Fund's distributable income to investors generally occurs quarterly as at 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December and distributions not reinvested are generally paid to Perpetual Private within 14 days after the end of the distribution period. However, distributions may be paid up to 90 days after the end of the distribution period.

The distributable income may include interest, dividends, foreign income, realised net capital gains and other income. The components of a distribution will depend on the nature of the Fund's underlying assets.

The distribution amount depends on the Fund's distributable income. The amount of your distribution will be proportionate to the number of units Perpetual Private holds on your behalf relative to the number of units on issue at the end of the distribution period. The amount will vary and sometimes there might not be any distribution.

Please refer to Perpetual Private for details of any distribution payment options.

REGULAR REPORTING

All reports will be sent directly to Perpetual Private. They will use this information to provide you with regular reporting and information to help you complete your annual income tax return. Please contact Perpetual Private with any investor inquiries.

UPDATED INFORMATION

You can go to our website or contact Perpetual Private for the latest investment returns and any other updated information in relation to the Fund. Other general information is also provided in the Fund's annual report, which is also available at our website.

INTEREST EARNED ON APPLICATION, WITHDRAWAL AND DISTRIBUTION ACCOUNTS

Application money, proceeds of withdrawal requests and distribution amounts are held in trust accounts prior to being processed. A member of the Perpetual Group retains any interest earned on these accounts.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further details about how the Fund works, including information about acquiring and disposing of interests and how units are priced and investments are valued, are contained in a separate document titled 'Perpetual Charitable Funds – Additional information', which forms part of this PDS.

You should read the important information about how the Fund works, before making a decision. Go to www.perpetual.com.au/pcef-funds-updates.

The material relating to how the Fund works may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when the product is acquired.

3. BENEFITS OF INVESTING IN PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND

Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund is a specially designed investment strategy to suit the needs of most charitable funds.

The Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of assets with the aim of providing long-term capital growth and consistent income.

Emphasis is placed on Australian shares, which offer tax-exempt entities a refund of franking credits received, providing additional income.

The Fund gains exposure to the various asset classes by investing in underlying funds managed by PIML and other specialist investment managers. This multi-manager approach reduces the risk associated with using a single specialist investment manager, as an individual specialist investment manager's performance can change over time or with different market conditions.

The underlying funds are chosen by PIML to combine specialist investment managers' different styles, philosophies, approaches and techniques in selecting their portfolios, with the aim of enhancing diversification within each asset class and producing more consistent returns.

The allocation of the Fund's assets to the various underlying funds is regularly reviewed and, as a result, the specialist investment managers may vary throughout the life of your investment.

4. RISKS OF MANAGED INVESTMENT SCHEMES

All investments carry risk. The value of your investment may fall for a number of reasons, which means that you may receive back less than your original investment when you withdraw or you may not receive income over a given timeframe. Before making an investment decision, it's important to understand the risks that can affect the value of your investment. While it's not possible to identify every risk relevant to investing in the Fund, we have detailed in the following table significant risks that may affect your investment. Different strategies may carry different levels of risk, depending on the assets that make up the strategy, and assets with the highest long-term returns may also carry the highest level of short-term risk due to their generally larger fluctuations in returns.

While we can't completely eliminate investment risks, we aim to manage the impact of these risks by setting consistent and carefully considered investment guidelines.

The level of risk for each person will vary depending on a range of factors including age, investment timeframe, other investments and risk tolerance. Your financial adviser can assist you in determining whether the Fund is suited to your financial needs and the level of diversification you need.

Neither we nor any company in the Perpetual Group guarantee that you will earn any return on your investment or that your investment will gain in value or retain its value. The level of returns will vary, and future returns may differ from past returns. Investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including possible delays in repayment and loss of income and capital invested.

SIGNIFICANT RISKS

TYPE OF RISK	DESCRIPTION OF RISK
Market and economic risk	Certain events may have a negative effect on the price of all types of investments within a particular market. These events may include changes in economic, social, technological or political conditions, as well as market sentiment, the causes of which may include changes in governments or government policies, political unrest, wars, terrorism, pandemics and natural, nuclear and environmental disasters. The duration and potential impacts of such events can be highly unpredictable, which may give rise to increased and/or prolonged market volatility.
Asset risk	A particular asset that the Fund invests in may fall in value, which can result in a reduction in the value of your investment.
Currency risk	For investments in international assets, which have currency exposure, there is potential for adverse movements in exchange rates to reduce their Australian dollar value. For example, if the Australian dollar rises, the value of international investments expressed in Australian dollars can fall.
Interest rate risk	Changes in interest rates may have a negative impact, either directly or indirectly, on investment returns.
Credit risk	The issuer or party to a transaction may not repay the principal, make interest payments or fulfil other financial obligations in full and/or on time. The market value of an investment can also fall significantly when the perceived risk of a note or bond increases or its credit rating declines.
Liquidity risk	The absence of an established market or shortage of buyers for an investment can result in a loss if the holder of the investment needs to sell it within a particular timeframe. A shortage of liquidity can also result in delays in the payment of withdrawals from a fund.
Derivatives risk	Derivative market values can fluctuate significantly and, as a result, potential gains and losses can be magnified. Losses can occur where the value of the derivative fails to move in line with the underlying asset or where a greater exposure to a market is created through the derivative position than is backed by the assets of the Fund. Other risks applying to derivatives include counterparty risk and liquidity risk, or where the derivative position is difficult or costly to reverse. A counterparty may also be required to take collateral from the Fund's assets to support a derivatives contract. Therefore, there is a risk that if the counterparty becomes insolvent, the Fund's assets may not be returned in full. See 'Use of derivatives' on page 5 for further details about how derivatives may be used in managing the Fund.
Counterparty risk	A loss may occur if the other party to a contract, including derivatives contracts, defaults on their obligations under the contract.
Legal and regulatory risk	Changes in legislation and differences between rules (including interpretation of the law) in domestic and foreign markets, including those dealing with taxation, accounting and investments, may adversely impact your investment.
Investment strategy risks	A fund's investment strategy may involve specific risks. These include gearing risk (see 'Investment strategy risks' on page 5 for details).
Other risks	The investment professionals employed by the specialist investment managers of the underlying funds (including PIML) may change, which may affect the future performance of the Fund. Investing in the Fund may have a different tax outcome than investing directly because of the application of tax laws to the Fund and the impact of investments and withdrawals by other investors. One result is that you may receive back some of your capital as income in a distribution. Transactions may be suspended, which may result in delays in paying withdrawal requests. The Fund may be terminated.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY RISKS

GEARING RISK

The Fund doesn't use gearing as an investment strategy but some of the underlying investments managed by the specialist investment managers may gear.

With gearing, money is borrowed to increase the amount that can be invested. While this can result in larger investment gains in a rising market, it can also magnify losses in a falling market.

Gearing increases the volatility of a fund's investment returns. Consequently, a fund that gears is considered to have a higher investment risk than a comparable fund that does not gear.

HOW WE MANAGE RISK

PIML aims to manage the impact of these risks by following consistent and carefully considered investment guidelines.

Importantly, we aim to reduce the risk of investment returns by diversifying the investments of the Fund across:

- several investment managers
- markets and regions
- different asset classes.

CURRENCY RISK

PIML also considers currency exposure when formulating guidelines for the Fund's investments in international assets. The currency exposure arising from these international assets is reviewed by us at least monthly and hedging strategies (using derivatives) may be employed by PIML or the specialist investment managers of the underlying funds to reduce the impact of adverse currency movements.

5. HOW WE INVEST YOUR MONEY

When choosing a fund in which to invest, you should consider the likely investment return, the risk and your investment timeframe. We recommend you consult a financial adviser for assistance in determining whether the Fund is appropriate for you.

FUND INVESTMENTS

INCOME ASSETS

CASH

Cash investments include discount securities (eg bank bills), short-term deposits and money market funds which may invest in fixed income instruments and loans. Cash provides a relatively consistent rate of return in the form of regular interest payments, generally in line with short-term interest rates and is widely considered the lowest investment risk.

FIXED INCOME

Fixed income instruments are securities issued by an issuer for a pre-determined period. The issuers may include governments, banks, corporations and asset backed trusts. The instruments when issued usually provide a return in the form of defined periodic income payments and the return of principal at maturity. These income payments are either fixed when issued or set periodically against a benchmark.

DIVERSIFIED CREDIT

Credit may involve investing in income generating securities such as corporate debt, mortgages, infrastructure debt, private debt, asset-backed and debt-like hybrid securities, discount securities and sub-investment grade securities that have higher credit risk and less liquidity than cash and fixed income investments.

GROWTH ASSETS

REAL ESTATE

A real estate (property) investment involves buying shares that represent a portion of ownership in a property related company, buying units in an unlisted property trust or buying property directly. Property investments can be in a range of sectors including commercial, industrial, residential and retail. Returns are usually generated from rental income and changes in the value of the underlying properties.

SHARES

Shares represent a portion of ownership in a company. Shareholders can benefit if a company passes on some of its profits to them through dividends and/or from capital growth if the share price rises.

DIVERSIFIED ALTERNATIVES

GLOBAL LISTED INFRASTRUCTURE

Infrastructure involves investing by purchasing listed equity in companies that provide facilities and services needed by the community (eg transport, power, roads, telecommunications or water supply), or in other capital intensive assets (eg timberland and regional infrastructure). The return on an infrastructure equity investment generally includes capital growth (or loss) and income.

SPECIALIST CREDIT

Specialist credit is an alternative strategy that has similar characteristics to fixed income. However, it may involve investing in sectors that have higher credit risk and forego some liquidity to target a higher return profile, such as high yield and convertible bonds.

IMPACT INVESTMENTS

Impact investments consist of investments made into companies, organisations and funds with the intention to generate positive social and environmental impact alongside a financial return. Impact investments target market returns and can be made in both developed and emerging markets.

INVESTMENT APPROACH

The Fund invests in a diverse mix of assets either directly or indirectly via underlying managed funds. PIML selects investment managers that have expertise in relevant asset sectors and combines investment managers with different investment styles and philosophies.

USE OF DERIVATIVES

A derivative is a financial instrument that derives its value from the price of a physical security or market index. Derivatives may include, but are not limited to, futures, options, swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts.

Derivatives may be used by PIML and the specialist investment managers in the management of their underlying funds to:

- protect against changes in the market value of existing investments in a managed fund
- achieve a desired investment position without buying or selling the underlying physical asset
- manage actual and anticipated interest rate and credit risk for cash assets
- protect against adverse currency movements.

Derivatives may also be used for broader purposes to increase returns.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND ETHICAL FACTORS AND LABOUR STANDARDS

Investment managers (including PIML) increasingly have policies in place regarding their methods for considering environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors and labour standards which may influence the purchase, sale or retention of an individual investment.

As the responsible entity of the Fund:

- for Australian and international shares, PIML will neither invest in nor choose specialist investment managers investing in companies that are manufacturers of cigarettes and other tobacco products
- for impact investments within diversified alternatives, PIML will choose underlying funds that invest in appropriate companies, organisations and funds which have the intention of generating positive social and environment impact in producing their investment return by taking into account social and environmental considerations (and which may also include labour standards and/or ethical considerations). PIML does not have a pre-determined view as to the specific social and environmental considerations and relies on regular reports from the underlying funds to monitor impact investments. Should an underlying fund cease to satisfy our selection criteria, PIML will determine next steps, on a case-by-case basis
- otherwise:
 - PIML considers potential specialist underlying investment managers' ESG policies/practices only to the extent that they may have an effect on their style and investment performance
 - PIML will neither choose nor exclude a specialist underlying investment manager solely on their ESG policies/practices, but these will contribute to PIML's overall assessment of the manager's style and capability
 - where PIML is the specialist investment manager, PIML will only take ESG factors and labour standards into account to the extent it believes they may impact the current and potential future quality or value of an individual investment (either positively or negatively).

BORROWING

The Fund's constitution allows the Fund to borrow. The Fund doesn't intend to borrow as part of its investment strategy, however the Fund may invest in other funds that can borrow and borrowing may occur in the daily management of the Fund. To the extent permitted, the Fund may borrow from a variety of sources, including companies associated with the Perpetual Group (in which case the terms are set on a commercial and arm's length basis).

FUND PROFILE

PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND

Suitability

Designed for investors with the appropriate risk level, investment timeframe and objective – see below.

Risk level¹

6 – High

Minimum suggested timeframe²

5 years or more

Investment return objective

Aims to:

- provide income tax exempt investors such as charitable trusts with:
 - a consistent income stream and long-term capital growth through an investment in a diversified portfolio with an emphasis on Australian shares
 - a total return (including income distributions³) of CPI + 4.0% per annum before fees and after the effect of franking credits over rolling 15-year periods
 - income distributions³ of 4.0% per annum before fees and after the effect of franking credits
- outperform (before fees), over rolling 3-year periods, a composite benchmark⁴ reflecting the target allocations at any time to the various asset types.

FUND PROFILE (CONTINUED)

PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND

Investment guidelines⁵

Cash	0-30%
Fixed income	0-20%
Diversified credit	5-25%
Real estate	5-15%
Australian shares	25-60%
International shares	0-30%
Diversified alternatives	0-30%

- 1 The risk level represents the Standard Risk Measure (SRM) based on industry guidance to allow investors to compare investment options that are expected to deliver a similar number of negative annual returns over any 20 year period, as follows.

RISK BAND	RISK LABEL	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF NEGATIVE ANNUAL RETURNS OVER ANY 20 YEAR PERIOD
1	Very low	Less than 0.5
2	Low	0.5 to less than 1
3	Low to medium	1 to less than 2
4	Medium	2 to less than 3
5	Medium to high	3 to less than 4
6	High	4 to less than 6
7	Very high	6 or greater

The SRM is not a complete assessment of all forms of investment risk, for instance it does not detail what the size of the negative return could be or the potential for a positive return to be less than an investor may require to meet their objectives. Further, it does not take into account the impact of administration fees and tax on the likelihood of a negative return. Investors should still ensure they are comfortable with the risks and potential losses associated with the Fund.

The SRM for the Fund may change over time for various reasons, including as a result of reviews of the underlying capital market assumptions that are used in its calculation and future changes to asset allocations. Any changes to the SRM at any time will be available at our website.

- 2 This is a guide only and not a recommendation. You should discuss your investment in the Fund with your financial adviser to ensure that it meets your needs.
- 3 Income distributions exclude any amount considered to be capital.
- 4 The composite benchmark comprises:
 - for cash – Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index
 - for fixed income – 50% Bloomberg AusBond Composite 0+ Yr Index and 50% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index (hedged in AUD)
 - for diversified credit – Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index
 - for real estate – 50% S&P/ASX 300 A-REIT Accumulation Index and 50% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index – Net Return (unhedged in AUD)
 - for Australian shares – S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index
 - for international shares – MSCI All Country World Index – Net Return (unhedged in AUD)
 - for diversified alternatives – Bloomberg AusBond Bank Bill Index plus 3%.
- 5 This provides an indication of what the Fund will invest in directly or indirectly. You can obtain information on the actual asset allocations (updated as at the end of each month) by contacting us.

6. FEES AND COSTS

DID YOU KNOW?

Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns.

For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your account balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000).

You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs.

You may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees.

Ask the fund or your financial adviser.

TO FIND OUT MORE

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the **Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC)** MoneySmart website (www.moneysmart.gov.au) has a managed funds fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

FEES AND COSTS SUMMARY

The information in the 'Fees and costs summary' can be used to compare costs between different managed investment schemes.

Unless otherwise stated, all fees and costs disclosed in this PDS are inclusive of the net effect of goods and services tax (GST).

Fees and costs can be deducted from investment returns or from the Fund's assets as a whole.

Any additional fees that you may be charged by Perpetual Private for investing in the Fund via their Service should be set out in their disclosure document.

FEES AND COSTS SUMMARY

PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND	
TYPE OF FEE OR COST	AMOUNT
ONGOING ANNUAL FEES AND COSTS	
Management fees¹ and costs	1.44% pa
The fees and costs for managing your investment	
Performance fees	0.04% pa
Amounts deducted from your investment in relation to the performance of the product	
Transaction costs	0.15% pa
The costs incurred by the scheme when buying or selling assets	
MEMBER ACTIVITY RELATED FEES AND COSTS (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the product)	
Establishment fee	Nil
The fee to open your investment	
Contribution fee	Nil
The fee on each amount contributed to your investment	
Buy/sell spread	0.33%/0.00%
An amount deducted from your investment representing costs incurred in transactions by the scheme	

FEES AND COSTS SUMMARY (CONTINUED)

PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND	
TYPE OF FEE OR COST	AMOUNT
MEMBER ACTIVITY RELATED FEES AND COSTS (fees for services or when your money moves in or out of the product)	
Withdrawal fee	Nil
The fee on each amount you take out of your investment	
Exit fee	Nil
The fee to close your investment	
Switching fee	Nil
The fee for changing investment options	

1 We may negotiate a rebate of all or part of our management fee with Perpetual Private, as a wholesale client.

We may change our fees without your consent. However, we won't increase our management fee, or introduce any new fees, without giving Perpetual Private at least 30-days' written notice. Management costs, any performance fees payable in underlying funds and transaction costs may vary each year without notice.

EXAMPLE OF ANNUAL FEES AND COSTS

This table gives an example of how the ongoing annual fees and costs in Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund can affect your investment over a 1-year period. You should use this table to compare this product with other products offered by managed investment schemes.

EXAMPLE - PERPETUAL CHARITABLE ENDOWMENT FUND		BALANCE OF \$50,000 ¹ WITH A CONTRIBUTION OF \$5,000 DURING YEAR
Contribution fees	Nil	For every additional \$5,000 you put in, you will be charged \$0.00
PLUS Management fees and costs	1.44%	And , for every \$50,000 you have in the Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$720.00 each year
PLUS Performance fees	0.04%	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$20.00 in performance fees each year
PLUS Transaction costs	0.15%	And , you will be charged or have deducted from your investment \$75.00 in transaction costs
EQUALS Cost of Perpetual Charitable Endowment Fund		If you had an investment of \$50,000 at the beginning of the year and you put in an additional \$5,000 during that year, you would be charged fees and costs of \$815.00 . [*] What it costs you will depend on the fees we negotiate with Perpetual Private.

1 We have assumed a constant value of \$50,000 for the whole year.

* Additional fees may apply:

A **buy spread** of 0.33%, equal to \$16.50 on a \$5,000 contribution, will also apply.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information about fees and costs, including management fees and costs, performance fees, transaction costs and maximum amounts allowable under the Fund's constitution, is available in a separate document titled 'Perpetual Charitable Funds – Additional information', which forms part of this PDS. The Fund's latest annual transaction costs and current buy/sell spread details, which also form part of this PDS, are publicly available at our website.

You should read the important information about fees and costs before making a decision. Go to www.perpetual.com.au/pcef-funds-updates.

The material relating to fees and costs may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when the product is acquired.

7. HOW MANAGED INVESTMENT SCHEMES ARE TAXED

Your investment in a registered managed investment scheme is likely to have tax consequences for you each year, even if you don't change your investment. Registered managed investment schemes generally don't pay tax on behalf of investors and you may be assessed for tax on any income and capital gains arising from your investment in the Fund.

The tax consequences of investing in managed investment schemes are particular to your circumstances, so we strongly recommend you seek professional tax advice.

As you are investing indirectly through a Service, you should also refer to Perpetual Private for further information about the tax treatment of your investment in the Fund.

ATTRIBUTION MANAGED INVESTMENT TRUST (AMIT) REGIME

The Federal Government passed tax legislation in May 2016 applicable to eligible managed investment schemes. Where a managed investment scheme meets the eligibility requirements and PIML, as the responsible entity, makes an election to apply the new tax rules, the Fund becomes an Attribution Managed Investment Trust (AMIT).

The current tax rules will continue to apply unless an election to enter the AMIT regime is made. We will provide notification on our website if/when this election occurs.

TAX FILE NUMBER (TFN)/ AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS NUMBER (ABN)

Providing your TFN isn't compulsory but without it or the appropriate exemption information Perpetual Private has to withhold tax from your distributions at the highest marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy) until your TFN or exemption is provided.

You may prefer to provide an ABN as an alternative to your TFN if your investment is made as part of an enterprise.

Please refer to Perpetual Private for more information on the collection of TFNs and ABNs for investors investing in the Fund through their Service.

FURTHER INFORMATION

Further general information about how managed investment schemes are taxed is available in a separate document titled 'Perpetual Charitable Funds – Additional information', which forms part of this PDS.

You should read the important information about tax before making a decision. Go to www.perpetual.com.au/pcef-funds-updates.

The material relating to tax may change between the time when you read this PDS and the day when the product is acquired.

8. HOW TO APPLY

As you are investing indirectly through a Service, you should complete any relevant forms provided by Perpetual Private.

YOUR COOLING-OFF RIGHTS

No cooling-off rights apply in respect of any investment in the Fund acquired by Perpetual Private on your behalf. For information about any cooling-off rights that may apply to you in respect of the Service that you invest through, please contact Perpetual Private directly or refer to their disclosure document.

INQUIRIES AND COMPLAINTS

We have established procedures for dealing with any inquiries or complaints relating to your investment in the Fund, however you should direct these to Perpetual Private in the first instance. If Perpetual Private is unable to answer your query or resolve a complaint on your behalf, you can contact us directly.